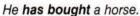
UNIT 13 Present Perfect







How long have they been married? They have been married for 35 years.



Richard's car has just broken down.

◆ Настоящее совершенное время (present perfect) образуется с помощью вспомогательного глагола have / has и причастия прошедшего времени. Причастие прошедшего времени правильных глаголов образуется путем добавления к глаголу окончания -ed. Например: clean - cleaned, study - studied. Причастие прошедшего времени неправильных глаголов образуется иначе. Например: give - given. (Смотрите список неправильных глаголов на странице 126.) Например: I have written a letter.

Вопросы строятся путем постановки have / has перед личным местоимением в именительном падеже. Например: Has she cleaned the room? Have you written a letter?

Отрицания строятся путем постановки not между have / has и причастием прошедшего времени. Например: She has not / hasn't cleaned the room. I have not / haven't written a letter.

ПРАВИЛЬНЫЙ ГЛАГОЛ (REGULAR VERB)

Утверждение		Отрицание		Bonpoc	
Полная форма	Краткая форма	Полная форма	Краткая форма		
I have cleaned You have cleaned He has cleaned She has cleaned It has cleaned We have cleaned You have cleaned They have cleaned	I've cleaned You've cleaned He's cleaned She's cleaned It's cleaned We've cleaned You've cleaned They've cleaned	I have not cleaned You have not cleaned He has not cleaned She has not cleaned It has not cleaned We have not cleaned You have not cleaned They have not cleaned	I haven't cleaned You haven't cleaned He hasn't cleaned She hasn't cleaned It hasn't cleaned We haven't cleaned You haven't cleaned They haven't cleaned	Have I cleaned? Have you cleaned? Has he cleaned? Has she cleaned? Has it cleaned? Have we cleaned? Have you cleaned? Have they cleaned?	
	НЕПРАВИЈ	ТЬНЫЙ ГЛАГОЛ (IRR	EGULAR VERB)	1	
Полная форма	Краткая форма	Полная форма	Краткая форма		
I have eaten You have eaten He has eaten She has eaten It has eaten We have eaten You have eaten They have eaten	I've eaten You've eaten He's eaten She's eaten It's eaten We've eaten You've eaten They've eaten	I have not eaten You have not eaten He has not eaten She has not eaten It has not eaten We have not eaten You have not eaten They have not eaten	I haven't eaten You haven't eaten He hasn't eaten She hasn't eaten It hasn't eaten We haven't eaten You haven't eaten They haven't eaten	Have I eaten? Have you eaten? Has he eaten? Has she eaten? Has it eaten? Have we eaten? Have you eaten? Have they eaten?	



Напишите причастия прошедшего времени следующих глаголов.

1	see	seen	11	catch	
2	cut		12	read	
3	work		13	arrive	
4	leave		14	make	
5	feed		15	give	
6	bring		16	sing	
7	swim		17	teach	
8	buy	***************************************	18	ring	
9	drink		19	do	
10	go		20	eat	

VitorpediteHile

Present perfect употребляется для выражения:

- действий, которые произошли в прошлом в неопределенное время. Конкретное время действия не важно, важен результат.
 - Hапример: They **have bought** a new house. (Когда они его купили? Мы не знаем, когда. Конкретное время не важно.)
- действий, которые начались в прошлом и все еще продолжаются в настоящем.
 Например: I have known Mary for ten years.
 (Мы познакомились десять лет назад. Естественно, знакомы и сейчас.)
- действий, которые завершились совсем недавно и их результаты все еще ощущаются в настоящем.
 - Например: Tom has just painted the fence. (Он только что закончил красить. Краска на заборе еще не высохла.)



K маркерам present perfect относятся: since, for, how long, ever, never, yet, already, just, so far, recently.

2

Выполните задание в парах. Используя подсказки, задайте вопросы и ответьте на них. Например:

	A: Have you seen Mary? B: Yes, I've seen her.
1	you / see / Mary / Yes
2	Jim / eat / his meal / No
3	John / talk to / his parents / Yes
4	she / read / that book / No
5	they / clean / their house / Yes
6	Mark / buy / a new bike / Yes

7 you / phone / your father / No

3

Поставьте в present perfect глаголы в скобках.

7	My friend has opened (open)
	a flower shop in the village.
2	I (not/do) my homework yet.
3	The baker
	(bake) many loaves of bread.
4	(you/send)
	aunt Margaret a birthday card yet?
5	Grandma (water) the flowers.
6	I (lose) my gloves.
7	
	(Fiona and Andrew/move) to a new house yet?
8	He (not/finish) his lunch yet.
9	Beth (knit) a beautiful red sweater.
10	I (forget) his address.
11	
	(the doctor/take) your temperature?
12	Nigel (write) a new book.

4

Сначала поставьте в present perfect глаголы в скобках. Затем в парах составьте аналогичные диалоги о себе.

A:	What 1) have you done (you/do) so far?
B:	Lots of things. I 2) (clean) the
	house, I 3) (cook) lunch and I
	4) (take) the dog for a walk. What
	about you?
A:	15) (water) the flowers, 6)
	(wash) the dishes and I 7) (cut) the grass.

UNIT 13 Present Perfect

How long употребляется в вопросах о про-

должительности действия. Например: **How long** have you worked here?

(Как долго ты здесь работаешь?)

For употребляется для указания про-

должительности действия. Например: I've lived here for eight

years. (Я живу здесь восемь лет.)

Since употребляется для указания времени начала действия.

Например: I've known him since 1990.



Выполните задание в парах. Задайте вопросы и ответьте на них. Например:

Уч. A: How long has Jenny lived here? Уч. B: She has lived here for three years.

- 1 Jenny / live here / three years.
- 2 Kim / be / a teacher / 1995.
- 3 They / work / here / six months.
- 4 Peter / know / them / last year.
- 5 Rob / be / ill / Tuesday.

6

Вставьте since или for.

1	for six months	5	last week
2	June	6	a month
3	two weeks	7	yesterday
4	three years	8	1977

already/ just

употребляются в утвердительных высказываниях и ставятся между глаголом have и причастием прошедшего времени.

Например: They have already packed their suitcases. I've just phoned him.

yet

употребляется в вопросах и отрицаниях и ставится в конце предложения.

Например: Have you posted the letter yet? He hasn't written to me yet.



Выполните задание в парах. Задайте вопросы и ответьте на них. Например:

1. Yu. A: Have you eaten dinner yet?
Yu. B: Yes, I have already eaten dinner.

- 2. Y4. A: Have they done their homework yet?

 Y4. B: No, they haven't done their homework yet.
- 1 (you / eat / dinner) (Yes)
- 2 (they / do / their homework) (No)
- 3 (Tom / write / the letter) (Yes)
- 4 (Sophia / watch / the news) (No)
- 5 (Mum / clean / the house) (No)
- 6 (they / do / the shopping) (Yes)
- 7 (you / wash / the clothes) (Yes)
- 8 (Bob / go / to bed) (No)

You have been to America.

ever употребляется в вопросах и ставится между глаголом have и причастием прошедшего времени. Например: Have you ever travelled abroad?

never употребляется в отрицательных высказываниях и ставится между have и причастием прошедшего времени. Например: I have never travelled abroad.



Напишите предложения, используя маркеры, указанные в скобках. Следуйте примеру.

	(ever) Have you ever been to America? (never) I have never been to America.
2	Molly has worked in an office.
	(ever)
	(never)
3	Colin has gone home.
	(yet)

(already)

4 Ralph and Wendy have eaten breakfast.
(yet)
(just)

9,

Вставьте yet, recently, how long, never, since, just, so far, for или ever.

1	How	long have	you been	a teacher?	

- 2 Kate has cleaned the window.
- 3 Have you been to Egypt?
- 4 Sandra has driven a car before.
- 5 I haven't invited anyone to the party6 She has only written one letter
- 7 You have known them five years.
- 8 He hasn't phoned Sunday.
- 9 Toby has bought a dog.

Kearkine oriserы

Краткие ответы строятся с помощью Yes или No, личного местоимения в именительном падеже и вспомогательного глагола have / haven't или has / hasn't. Содержание вопроса не повторяется. Например: Have you ever eaten Chinese food? Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.

Have you?	Yes, I/we have.
	No, I/we haven't.
Has he/she/it?	Yes, he/she/it has.
	No, he/she/it hasn't.
Have they 2	Yes, they have.
Have they?	No, they haven't.



Используя таблицу (√ — да, х — нет), задайте своему партнеру вопросы о Билле (Bill) и Мэри (Mary), а затем о нем самом. Потом поменяйтесь ролями.

- i) Yu. A: Has Bill ever caught a big fish?
 - Уч. В: Yes, he has.
- ii) Y4. A: Have you ever caught a big fish?
 - Уч. В: No, I haven't./Yes, I have.

		Bill	Mary	You
-	catch / big fish	1	×	
	fly / in a plane	×	1	
	travel / abroad	1	×	
m	ride / a camel	1	×	

Conocratmente Past Simple in Present Perfect

Pasi Simple

Мы употребляем past simple для выражения действия, которое:

• произошло в прошлом в указанное время.



They bought a big house ten years ago. (Когда? Десять лет назад. Время указано.)

началось и закончилось в прошлом.



Tom Crown was an actor for twenty years. (Он больше не актер.)

Present Periect

Мы употребляем present perfect для выражения действия, которое:

 произошло в прошлом в неопределенное время.



They have bought a yacht. (Когда? Мы не знаем. Время не указано.)

 началось в прошлом и продолжается сейчас.



Tom Crown has been a director for three years. (Он стал режиссером три года назад и является им до сих пор.)

UNIT 13 Present Perfect

11

Впишите в ответы пропущенные слова, как показано на примере.

1	Have you visited your grandparents?
	Yes, I visited them last weekend.
2	Has David finished his painting?
	Yes, on Monday
3	Have you read the letter?
	Yes, half an hour ago
4	Has Pam moved house?

Yes, last month.

12

Поставьте в present perfect или past simple глаголы в скобках.

1	I didn't go (not/go) to school yesterday
	because I was ill.
2	(you/ever/fly) a kite?
3	There is nothing in the box. I(just/empty) it.
4	Simon (go) to the theatre last week.
5	(you/eat) all the chocolate cake last night?
6	(you/wear) your new hat yet?
7	I (drink) twelve glasses of water yesterday.
8	Dora (visit) five
	European countries so far.
9	(you/come) to work by bus yesterday?
10	(you/go) to Samantha's party last Saturday?

13

Поставьте в present perfect или past simple глаголы в скобках.

(vou/ever/see) an

	elephant?
	B: Yes, I (see) some in a zoo last summer.
	A: (you/touch) them?
2	B: No, they
2	A: (you/go) shopping on Saturday? B: Yes, I (buy) lots of things.
	A: What (you/buy)?
	B: A jacket, some shoes and a pair of trousers.
3	A: (you/finish) your project yet?
	B: Yes, I (finish) it last night.
	A: (you/type) it yet?
	B: Yes, I (already/type) it.
4	A: (you/ever/be) to Poland?
	B: Yes, I (go) there in 1992.
	A: Where (you/stay)?
	B: I (stay) at a friend's house in Warsaw.
	a mond o modoo m Tranoaw.

Have Voll ever seen

14

Поставьте в present perfect или past simple глаголы в скобках.



Grandma (9)
(recently/redecorate) the living room. She
(10) (paint) the walls pink and (11)
...... (buy) a new carpet to match. It looks
lovely.

That's all for now. Take care and write soon with your news.

Love, Mum

15.

A work

Выберите правильный ответ.

1	I'm a teacher. I A in a school.				
	A work B			am working	
2	He goodbye and then he walked away.				
	A has said B	said	C	says	
3	"1	my work. Can I leave, now?"			
	A finish B	have finished	С	am finishing	
4	I on a new book at the moment.				

B am working C have worked

5			Don't		Control and Control of the Control o	
6			her t has brushed			
7	from my pai	rent			lays ago. It was got	
8	We a lot of money on our new house so far. A spent B have spent C are spending					
	A spent	В	nave spent	C	are spending	
9	There any rice in the cupboard.					
	A aren't	В	isn't	C	is	
10	This house to my uncle Tom.					
					have belonged	



Вычеркните лишнее слово в каждом предложении.

- 1 I have broke a vase yesterday.
- 2 Were you be in Paris last month?
- 3 Tom has ever eaten all the fruit.
- 4 There were not no people at the bus stop.
- 5 Alex already cut his finger yesterday.
- 6 John hasn't never phoned me yet.

ДРУГИМИ СЛОВАМИ

Внимательно посмотрите на эти пары предложений. В каждой паре оба предложения имеют схожий смысл.

- 1 I saw Tim a week ago.
 - I have not seen Tim for a week.
- 2 When did you go to Spain?
 - How long ago did you go to Spain? ago
- 3 I became a teacher four years ago.
- I have been a teacher for four years. have



Впишите от двух до пяти пропущенных слов, включая слова, выделенные жирным шрифтом.

- He became a singer ten years ago.
 - He ...has been a singer for ... ten years.
- 2 They visited their friends a month ago.
 - They their friends for a month.
- 3 When did you visit your grandparents?
 - How long your grandparents?
- 4 She has been a doctor for ten years.
 - became She ten years ago.

VCTHO

Бренда (Brenda) и Люк (Luke) переехали в новый дом. Они очень заняты. Посмотрите на список под картинкой. What have they done? What have they not done? (\checkmark – сделали, X – нет.) Выполните задание в парах. Задайте вопросы и ответьте на них. Например:

Уч. A: Have they hung the curtains up?

Уч. В: No, they haven't.



hang the curtains up X paint the fence buy new carpets fix the roof

repair the taps polish the floors plant any trees clean the cupboards



Бренда пишет письмо своей подруге Сэлли. Допишите письмо, используя предыдущее задание.

Dear Sally,

We moved into our new house last weekend. It is lovely but we have had lots of things to do.

We haven't hung the curtains up yet, but we have painted the fence.

Moving to a new house is a lot of hard work. I hope everything will be ready when you come to visit us!

> Lots of love, Brenda